

The Border Vidette.

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TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR.

NOGALES, SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA, APRIL 1, 1916.

No. 14.

There Is Only One Talking Machine THE VICTOR



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IT SOUNDS THE BEST
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There is only one Sonora News Co., many stores, but all under the same head. The Sonora News Co., in Nogales, sells Victor Talking Machines Exclusively, and quite naturally we are in a position to serve you to the best advantage.

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CONSTRUCTING AND REPAIRING.

NOGALES

ARIZONA

ARIZONA NOTES.

Items of Interest Culled From Our Exchanges.

Instructions to recruit the 12 national guard companies of Arizona to war strength have been transmitted to company commanders by the adjutant general, on orders from the war department.

Freighters are bringing in ore this week from the Ruby Copper company, at the old Mansfield camp north of Patagonia, for shipment to the smelter. A new blower is being put in and the shaft retimbered where needed. The drift from the 450 level is being continued.

That gray will soon become a dominant color in the clothing of both men and women if the European war continues another year, was the statement yesterday morning of G. Danielson, a Los Angeles dry goods salesman, who left for Nogales after spending several days in Tucson.

"Are you in favor of preparedness?" "No," replied Broncho Bob. "I think it's all wrong for people to pack guns." "But you are carrying one right now!" "Sure. If I didn't, something might happen to me that 'ud keep me from exertin' my moral influence in the cause of peace."

Letters were received at the capitol today from Senator Henry F. Ashurst and Congressman Hayden, assuring their cordial sympathy with and intention to support the bill now before congress, introduced by Congressman Kent of California, and providing for the relief of indigent tubercular sufferers in the south western states.

Messrs. T. M. Heck and William Powers have bonded to Frank Reichert and J. B. P. Schaltz the Dick Bland group, situated in the Alto district. The buyers are mining men of large experience, who will be backed in the development and equipment of the mine by San Francisco capital, and they will commence work as soon as their other operations will permit. The price at which the mine is bonded is \$75,000.

A number of ring-necked pheasants have recently been received by State Game Warden Willard for liberation in Arizona. The distribution of the birds for the southern portion of the state is in charge of Special Deputy Game Warden O. F. Hicks, stationed at Tucson. The latter has just shipped a pair to the forest at Portal, Arizona, located on the edge of the San Simon valley, where they will be liberated.

W. A. Moses, one of the vice-presidents of El Tigre company, and who has been interested in different properties in the Patagonia country, principally the Chief, arrived in town this week from his home in Los Angeles to see how work is progressing at the Bradford, a few miles below town. Recently two cars of ore were shipped from this property, and considerable ore is in sight, the west drift said to be all in good commercial copper ore.—Patagonian.

Injuries about the head and chest were sustained by Tom Proscie, Espee extra brakeman on the Nogales branch, early yesterday morning when he fell from the top of a boxcar on a work train at Chavez into a gravel pit. Proscie was rushed to Tucson, a distance of forty miles, and taken to St. Mary's hospital, where it was found that one rib was broken, several teeth knocked out and his nose and chin badly bruised.—Tucson Star.

Messrs. Tribolet, Mc Naught, Harman and Fitzgerald, who have a group of claims in the Dragons about fourteen miles east of Benson, on Wednesday brought in about a thousand pounds of tungsten ore for shipment to a firm in Philadelphia. The ore was 65 per cent pure and netted the shippers \$2.28 a pound. They have just begun to scratch the surface, and expect to make continued shipments as they carry on development work.—Benson Signal.

Tucson proves to be a difficult town for policemen to patrol because of the great territory over which the city spreads. It is difficult to maintain peace and order when one patrolman must cover a "beat" over which he could not walk in several hours.

Situated 6 miles southeast of Superior, W. B. Smock, W. M. Scott and J. W. Sterling are associated in ten claims in this district. Prospecting over the ground they have discovered gold in every hole they have opened up and by the indications and the rock which is exhibited it looks as if they have struck it right. People from Los Angeles are here making an inspection of the property and it has caused quite a little stir around the camp.—Florence Blade.

Denton C. Crowl, the noted Sam Jones lecturer appeared last night at the Crystal Theatre under the auspices of the Tombstone High School, and while weather conditions kept away the larger part of the crowd, he delivered to those present an interesting talk, which was filled with humor throughout. Some of those present had heard the celebrated Sam Jones, and declared his lecture to be an exact duplication of the original, even as to style of delivery. This is the last of the lyceum attractions in Tombstone under the school auspices.—Prospector.

Development of the S. & R. group of copper claims near the Roadside mine, southwest of Tucson, has been started this week and yesterday drills were boring for the first time, exploring the holdings of the company, Charles Taylor, county treasurer, who is interested in the claims, left for the camp yesterday to superintend the work. There are ten claims in the group, all of them partially developed. Diamond drills will be used in these claims to test the depth and richness of the ore bodies at various cross section points. The Roadside mine has already proved itself and it is expected that the S. & R. group is equal to its neighbor.—Citizen.

ATTENTION "TEXICANS."

Douglas, Ariz., March 27, 1916. THE BORDER VIDETTE, Nogales, Arizona.

The former Texans of Arizona will hold their annual San Jacinto Day celebration at McNeal, Arizona, April 22nd, Saturday. Doubtless many of your readers are "Texicans" and we desire, through the columns of your paper, to extend to each of them a cordial invitation to be present and meet their old friends from the Lone Star State and hear once more their "mother tongue" just as she is "spoke" on the Trinity and the Brazos.

A prize will be given for the best composition on "Texas" written by a school child under sixteen and the speakers will include Gov. Hunt, Hon. Tom W. Nealson, of Phoenix, and Hon. Dar M. Jackson, district judge at El Paso. The former need no introduction in Arizona. The latter, Judge Jackson, is one of the most noted speakers in Texas, being famous throughout the state for his brilliant oratory. His address at the State Bar Association meeting at Dallas, was the sensation of the meeting.

There will be fancy roping and riding and other sports and a general good time for all. We expect to have the First Cavalry Concert Band, which played for a year at the San Francisco Fair. We are endeavoring to obtain low railroad rates but can make no definite announcement regarding this at the present time. "Texicans" are expected to be present or offer a legal excuse for absence. All other nationalities are invited as guests and will be made welcome.

If some of your readers will take the trouble to send me a list of their friends who formerly lived in Texas I shall be glad to send detailed information to each one. My address is Douglas.

S. W. WHITE,
President Arizona Texas Society

OUR MEXICAN POLICY.

There could be no better guarantee of the sincerity of America's intentions in regard to Mexico, than the action of congress in adopting the La Follette resolution. It is to Mexico, to all Latin America and the world in general an assurance of our perfect good faith in the oft repeated statement that we have no desire to seize any portion of Mexican territory.

After indorsing the president's policy in sending a punitive expedition in pursuit of Villa and his gang of brigands, the resolution goes on to say that "congress extends its assurance to the de facto government of Mexico and to the Mexican people that the pursuit of said lawless band of armed men across the international boundary line into Mexico is for the simple purpose of arresting and punishing the fugitive bands of outlaws; that the congress in approving the use of the armed forces of the United States for the purposes announced joins with the president in declaring that such military expedition shall not be permitted to encroach in any degree upon the sovereignty of Mexico or to interfere in any manner with the domestic affairs of the Mexican people."

It should be manifest to all that a nation so great and so powerful and one having stood up so often for the principles of international justice could not possibly go back upon a promise made with such explicitness.

We are not a military nation using diplomatic tactics in order to gain a strategic advantage over an adversary, and for the reason that in the military sense we have no present enemy.

If congress did not mean every word of that resolution it would not have said anything bearing on the matter. A strong nation faced with the possibility of a conflict with a smaller one does not begin by making promises the very opposite of its intentions. Quite apart from flagrant dishonesty, such a course would be both unnecessary and absurd. But, assuming that there can be no question of America's friendliness for Mexico, it was a wisely conceived move to pass the La Follette resolution, because in that way the president's policy becomes openly indorsed as that of all our representatives and of the people themselves.

Latin America will see in that declaration a manifest desire on the part of the United States to preserve the integrity of the territory of all the republics of the western hemisphere.

The patience shown by the United States in regard to the border raids may be taken as a further evidence of our sincerity in making at this stage a bold proclamation of our friendship for Mexico.—San Francisco Chronicle.

SOME COPPER.

A shipment of 4,464,800 pounds of copper in 49 cars, left Globe Wednesday afternoon over the Arizona Eastern Railroad, passing through Safford Wednesday night, the destination being Perth Amboy, New Jersey, where are located some of the largest metal refiners of the world.

This trainload of copper is the largest single shipment of the red metal ever made from Arizona, and reduced to fine copper, its value, at 27 cents per pound, is approximately \$1,105,000.00. Maintained at the above rate of protection, the output of the International and Old Dominion smelters for one year would be 231,169,600 pounds, and would far exceed the production of copper from any other district in Arizona.—Graham Guardian.

Figures compiled by the District Forester at Albuquerque show a total production of lumber in Arizona in 1915 of 75,000,000 board feet. Similar figures for New Mexico show a total of 66,000,000 feet. In addition, some 25,000,000 feet of lath and shingles were produced in the two states last year. 55 mills were reported as in operation.

WHAT IT WOULD MEAN.

The following article from the Arizona Record gives a good idea of what peace, without preparedness, would mean to our country:

"Can nothing save us from this impending burden of preparedness?" asks a pacifist congressman.

"Can't we have peace with our neighbors without totting a big pistol?" Beyond all manner of doubt, yes, it will meet a number of conditions which the American people seem strongly disinclined to meet. Give up the Monroe doctrine; say to Germany, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and all other powers, big, little, and intermediate, that we wash our hands forever of the protection we have maintained for ninety years over the young republics to the south.

Dismantle the fortifications at the Panama canal and let the powerful nation that wants it take it.

Get out of the Philippines and Hawaii.

Yield to the wishes of Japan with respect to Japanese immigration. Japanese ownership of land and admission of Japanese to our public schools.

Abandon the historic American doctrine that American lives and American interests will be protected abroad in their just rights.

Give up the John Hay doctrine of the open door in China.

Let other countries, with their rival interests do what they please with American commerce.

Proclaim to the world, in short, that we are "too proud to fight," too steeped in commercialism to contend for justice and honor, too wedded to slothful peace to resent insult or wrong. In sort, that henceforth and forever we are to be devoted to the Chinese philosophy of life and the Chinese brand of patriotism and love of country. It is all as simple and easy as that.

GREATVILLE, PLACERS.

A. W. Larrison, who recently leased 150 acres of placer ground from Col. R. R. Richardson, in the Greatville district, about 23 from Patagonia, was down Saturday, and well pleased with the outlook so far. Mr. Larrison has a late improved dredger, so constructed as to require very little water and by means of a reservoir attachment, is able to use the same water over and over again. By means of this machine he expects to work ground that has been too expensive to work by other methods.

Mr. Larrison brought to town with him the first button of gold taken from his ground, which he sent to his wife as a present. The button was worth about \$25 or \$30 and a remarkably pretty specimen, of very fine quality gold. When he gets the well down which he is now digging, and his machine started in earnest, he expects to be able to take out many such valuable buttons.—Santa Cruz Patagonian.

MINERAL HILL.

A new shaft is being sunk at the Mineral Hill mine, south of the Twin Buttes district, and promising ore has been located from the surface to the 60 foot level, according to Judge Charles Blenman of Tucson, who made a trip to the mine Sunday in company with Theodore Ahrens, an eastern capitalist.

The main shift is supplying most of the ore, averaging 100 tons per day, but it is expected that ore from the new shaft will greatly increase the output. Ore in the main shaft is produced on the 330-foot level, and the product here is first class, Mr. Blenman states. About 85 men are employed at present.

Mining men in this district and in the Paymaster section are hoping that work on the railroad will be started in the near future. This railroad would tap a rich ore district and add to the total production at Mineral Hill, San Xavier and the Paymaster properties. The railroad survey is being made.